



February 6, 2009

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## HOUSE BILL No. 1014

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DIGEST OF HB 1014 (Updated February 3, 2009 12:25 pm - DI 96)

**Citations Affected:** IC 22-9; noncode.

**Synopsis:** Age discrimination. Provides that it is the public policy of the state to provide its citizens equal opportunity, regardless of whether an individual is 40 years of age or older, and to eliminate separation or segregation on the basis that an individual is 40 years of age or older. Transfers jurisdiction over age discrimination proceedings from the commissioner of labor to the civil rights commission. Prohibits certain actions by an employer, a labor organization, or an employment agency relating to discrimination against an individual 40 years of age or older, with an exception for certain employees of a state educational institution. Establishes procedures for filing an age discrimination complaint. Provides that an age discrimination claim properly filed with the department of labor will be adjudicated by the department of labor. Repeals provisions concerning the jurisdiction of the commissioner of labor over age discrimination cases.

**Effective:** July 1, 2009.

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**Smith V, Niezgodski, Soliday**

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January 7, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Labor and Employment.  
February 5, 2009, amended, reported — Do Pass.

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HB 1014—LS 6060/DI 107+



February 6, 2009

First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## HOUSE BILL No. 1014

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:*

1       SECTION 1. IC 22-9-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
2 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 2. (a) It is the public policy of the  
3 state to provide all of its citizens equal opportunity for education,  
4 employment, access to public conveniences and accommodations, and  
5 acquisition through purchase or rental of real property, including but  
6 not limited to housing, and to eliminate segregation or separation based  
7 solely on race, religion, color, sex, **age**, disability, national origin, or  
8 ancestry, since such segregation is an impediment to equal opportunity.  
9 Equal education and employment opportunities and equal access to and  
10 use of public accommodations and equal opportunity for acquisition of  
11 real property are hereby declared to be civil rights.

12       (b) The practice of denying these rights to properly qualified  
13 persons by reason of the race, religion, color, sex, **age**, disability,  
14 national origin, or ancestry of such person is contrary to the principles  
15 of freedom and equality of opportunity and is a burden to the objectives  
16 of the public policy of this state and shall be considered as  
17 discriminatory practices. The promotion of equal opportunity without

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regard to race, religion, color, sex, **age**, disability, national origin, or ancestry through reasonable methods is the purpose of this chapter.

(c) It is also the public policy of this state to protect employers, labor organizations, employment agencies, property owners, real estate brokers, builders, and lending institutions from unfounded charges of discrimination.

(d) It is hereby declared to be contrary to the public policy of the state and an unlawful practice for any person, for profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, religion, color, sex, **age**, disability, national origin, or ancestry.

(e) The general assembly recognizes that on February 16, 1972, there are institutions of learning in Indiana presently and traditionally following the practice of limiting admission of students to males or to females. It is further recognized that it would be unreasonable to impose upon these institutions the expense of remodeling facilities to accommodate students of both sexes, and that educational facilities of similar quality and type are available in coeducational institutions for those students desiring such facilities. It is further recognized that this chapter is susceptible of interpretation to prevent these institutions from continuing their traditional policies, a result not intended by the general assembly. Therefore, the amendment effected by Acts 1972, P.L.176, is desirable to permit the continuation of the policies described.

(f) This chapter shall be construed broadly to effectuate its purpose.

SECTION 2. IC 22-9-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter:

(a) "Person" means one (1) or more individuals, partnerships, associations, organizations, limited liability companies, corporations, labor organizations, cooperatives, legal representatives, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers, and other organized groups of persons.

(b) "Commission" means the civil rights commission created under section 4 of this chapter.

(c) "Director" means the director of the civil rights commission.

(d) "Deputy director" means the deputy director of the civil rights commission.

(e) "Commission attorney" means the deputy attorney general, such assistants of the attorney general as may be assigned to the commission, or such other attorney as may be engaged by the commission.

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(f) "Consent agreement" means a formal agreement entered into in lieu of adjudication.

(g) "Affirmative action" means those acts that the commission determines necessary to assure compliance with the Indiana civil rights law.

(h) "Employer" means the state or any political or civil subdivision thereof and any person employing six (6) or more persons within the state, except that the term "employer" does not include:

(1) any nonprofit corporation or association organized exclusively for fraternal or religious purposes;

(2) any school, educational, or charitable religious institution owned or conducted by or affiliated with a church or religious institution; or

(3) any exclusively social club, corporation, or association that is not organized for profit.

(i) "Employee" means any person employed by another for wages or salary. However, the term does not include any individual employed:

(1) by ~~his~~ **the individual's** parents, spouse, or child; or

(2) in the domestic service of any person.

(j) "Labor organization" means any organization that exists for the purpose in whole or in part of collective bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning grievances, terms, or conditions of employment or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment.

(k) "Employment agency" means any person undertaking with or without compensation to procure, recruit, refer, or place employees.

(l) "Discriminatory practice" means:

(1) the exclusion of a person from equal opportunities because of race, religion, color, sex, **age**, disability, national origin, or ancestry;

(2) a system that excludes persons from equal opportunities because of race, religion, color, sex, **age**, disability, national origin, or ancestry;

(3) the promotion of racial segregation or separation in any manner, including but not limited to the inducing of or the attempting to induce for profit any person to sell or rent any dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry in the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, religion, color, sex, **age**, disability, national origin, or ancestry; ~~or~~

(4) a violation of IC 22-9-5 that occurs after July 25, 1992, and is committed by a covered entity (as defined in IC 22-9-5-4); **or**

**(5) a violation of IC 22-9-2.1.**

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Every discriminatory practice relating to the acquisition or sale of real estate, education, public accommodations, employment, or the extending of credit (as defined in IC 24-4.5-1-301) shall be considered unlawful unless it is specifically exempted by this chapter.

(m) "Public accommodation" means any establishment that caters or offers its services or facilities or goods to the general public.

(n) "Complainant" means:

- (1) any individual charging on ~~his~~ **the individual's** own behalf to have been personally aggrieved by a discriminatory practice; or
- (2) the director or deputy director of the commission charging that a discriminatory practice was committed against a person other than ~~himself~~ **the director or deputy director of the commission** or a class of people, in order to vindicate the public policy of the state (as defined in section 2 of this chapter).

(o) "Complaint" means any written grievance that is:

- (1) sufficiently complete and filed by a complainant with the commission; or
- (2) filed by a complainant as a civil action in the circuit or superior court having jurisdiction in the county in which the alleged discriminatory practice occurred.

The original of any complaint filed under subdivision (1) shall be signed and verified by the complainant.

(p) "Sufficiently complete" refers to a complaint that includes:

- (1) the full name and address of the complainant;
- (2) the name and address of the respondent against whom the complaint is made;
- (3) the alleged discriminatory practice and a statement of particulars thereof;
- (4) the date or dates and places of the alleged discriminatory practice and if the alleged discriminatory practice is of a continuing nature the dates between which continuing acts of discrimination are alleged to have occurred; and
- (5) a statement as to any other action, civil or criminal, instituted in any other form based upon the same grievance alleged in the complaint, together with a statement as to the status or disposition of the other action.

No complaint shall be valid unless filed within one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of the occurrence of the alleged discriminatory practice.

(q) "Sex" as it applies to segregation or separation in this chapter applies to all types of employment, education, public accommodations, and housing. However:

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(1) it shall not be a discriminatory practice to maintain separate rest rooms;

(2) it shall not be an unlawful employment practice for an employer to hire and employ employees, for an employment agency to classify or refer for employment any individual, for a labor organization to classify its membership or to classify or refer for employment any individual, or for an employer, labor organization, or joint labor management committee controlling apprenticeship or other training or retraining programs to admit or employ any other individual in any program on the basis of sex in those certain instances where sex is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to the normal operation of that particular business or enterprise; and

(3) it shall not be a discriminatory practice for a private or religious educational institution to continue to maintain and enforce a policy of admitting students of one (1) sex only.

(r) "Disabled" or "disability" means the physical or mental condition of a person that constitutes a substantial disability. In reference to employment, under this chapter, "disabled or disability" also means the physical or mental condition of a person that constitutes a substantial disability unrelated to the person's ability to engage in a particular occupation.

(s) "Age" refers to the age of a person who is at least forty (40) years of age.

SECTION 3. IC 22-9-1-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 6. (a) The commission shall establish and maintain a permanent office in the city of Indianapolis.

(b) The commission may appoint such attorneys and other employees and agents as it considers necessary, fix their compensation within the limitation provided by law, and prescribe their duties. **All duties performed by an employee or agent of the commission shall be performed in the public interest.** All these employees, with the exception of the executive director and attorneys, shall be appointed by the commission from eligible lists to be promulgated by the department of personnel as the result of a competitive examination held under IC 4-15-2 and rules of the department and on the basis of training, practical experience, education, and character. However, special consideration and due weight shall be given to the practical experience and training that a person may have for the particular position involved regardless of his the person's academic training. Promotions, suspensions, and removal of persons appointed from such lists shall be in accordance with IC 4-15-2. The reasonable and necessary traveling

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1 expenses of each employee of the commission while actually engaged  
 2 in the performance of duties in behalf of the commission shall be paid  
 3 in accordance with the state travel policies and procedures established  
 4 by the Indiana department of administration and approved by the  
 5 budget agency.

6 (c) Except as it concerns judicial review, the commission may adopt  
 7 rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this ~~chapter~~ **article**.

8 (d) The commission shall formulate policies to effectuate the  
 9 purposes of this chapter and make recommendations to agencies and  
 10 officers of the state or local subdivisions thereof to effectuate such  
 11 policies. The several departments, commissions, divisions, authorities,  
 12 boards, bureaus, agencies, and officers of the state or any political  
 13 subdivision or agency thereof shall furnish the commission, upon its  
 14 request, all records, papers, and information in their possession relating  
 15 to any matter before the commission.

16 (e) The commission shall receive and investigate complaints  
 17 alleging discriminatory practices. The commission shall not hold  
 18 hearings in the absence of a complaint. All investigations of complaints  
 19 shall be conducted by staff members of the civil rights commission or  
 20 their agents. **All duties performed by an employee or agent of the**  
 21 **commission shall be performed in the public interest.**

22 (f) The commission may create such advisory agencies and  
 23 conciliation councils, local or statewide, as will aid in effectuating the  
 24 purposes of this chapter. The commission may itself, or it may  
 25 empower these agencies and councils to:

26 (1) study the problems of discrimination in the areas covered by  
 27 section 2 of this chapter when based on race, religion, color, sex,  
 28 ~~handicap~~, **age, disability**, national origin, or ancestry; and

29 (2) foster through community effort, or otherwise, good will  
 30 among the groups and elements of the population of the state.

31 These agencies and councils may make ~~recommendation~~  
 32 **recommendations** to the commission for the development of policies  
 33 and procedures in general. Advisory agencies and conciliation councils  
 34 created by the commission shall be composed of representative citizens  
 35 serving without pay but with reimbursement for reasonable and  
 36 necessary actual expenses.

37 (g) The commission may issue such publications and such results of  
 38 investigations and research as in its judgment will tend to promote  
 39 good will and minimize or eliminate discrimination because of race,  
 40 religion, color, sex, ~~handicap~~, **age, disability**, national origin, or  
 41 ancestry.

42 (h) The commission shall prevent any person from discharging,

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expelling, or otherwise discriminating against any other person because ~~he~~ **the person** filed a complaint, testified in any hearing before this commission, or in any way assisted the commission in any matter under its investigation.

(i) The commission may hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, administer oaths, take the testimony of any person under oath, and require the production for examination of any books and papers relating to any matter under investigation or in question before the commission. The commission may make rules as to the issuance of subpoenas by individual commissioners. Contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena issued under this section shall constitute a contempt. All hearings shall be held within Indiana at a location determined by the commission. A citation of contempt may be issued upon application by the commission to the circuit or superior court in the county in which the hearing is held or in which the witness resides or transacts business.

(j) The commission may appoint administrative law judges other than commissioners, when an appointment is deemed necessary by a majority of the commission. The administrative law judges shall be members in good standing before the bar of Indiana and shall be appointed by the chairman of the commission. An administrative law judge appointed under this subsection shall have the same powers and duties as a commissioner sitting as an administrative law judge. However, the administrative law judge may not issue subpoenas.

(k) The commission shall state its findings of fact after a hearing and, if the commission finds a person has engaged in an unlawful discriminatory practice, shall cause to be served on this person an order requiring the person to cease and desist from the unlawful discriminatory practice and requiring the person to take further affirmative action as will effectuate the purposes of this chapter, including but not limited to the power:

~~(A)~~ **(1)** to restore **the** complainant's losses incurred as a result of discriminatory treatment, as the commission may deem necessary to assure justice; however, this specific provision when applied to orders pertaining to employment shall include only wages, salary, or commissions;

~~(B)~~ **(2)** to require the posting of notice setting forth the public policy of Indiana concerning civil rights and respondent's compliance with the policy in places of public accommodations;

~~(C)~~ **(3)** to require proof of compliance to be filed by **the** respondent at periodic intervals; and

~~(D)~~ **(4)** to require a person who has been found to be in violation

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of this chapter and who is licensed by a state agency authorized to grant a license to show cause to the licensing agency why ~~his~~ **the person's** license should not be revoked or suspended.

(l) Judicial review of a cease and desist order or other affirmative action as referred to in this chapter may be obtained under IC 22-9-8. If no proceeding to obtain judicial review is instituted within thirty (30) days from receipt of notice by a person that an order has been made by the commission, the commission, if it determines that the person upon whom the cease and desist order has been served is not complying or is making no effort to comply, may obtain a decree of a court for the enforcement of the order in circuit or superior court upon showing that the person is subject to the commission's jurisdiction and resides or transacts business within the county in which the petition for enforcement is brought.

(m) If, upon all the evidence, the commission shall find that a person has not engaged in any unlawful practice or violation of this chapter, the commission shall state its findings of facts and shall issue and cause to be served on the complainant an order dismissing the complaint as to the person.

(n) The commission may furnish technical assistance requested by persons subject to this chapter to further compliance with this chapter or with an order issued thereunder.

(o) The commission shall promote the creation of local civil rights agencies to cooperate with individuals, neighborhood associations, and state, local, and other agencies, both public and private, including agencies of the federal government and of other states.

(p) The commission may reduce the terms of conciliation agreed to by the parties to writing (to be called a consent agreement) that the parties and a majority of the commissioners shall sign. When signed, the consent agreement shall have the same effect as a cease and desist order issued under subsection (k). If the commission determines that a party to the consent agreement is not complying with it, the commission may obtain enforcement of the consent agreement in a circuit or superior court upon showing that the party is not complying with the consent agreement and the party is subject to the commission's jurisdiction and resides or transacts business within the county in which the petition for enforcement is brought.

(q) In lieu of investigating a complaint and holding a hearing under this section, the commission may issue an order based on findings and determinations by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or the federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission concerning a complaint that has been filed with one (1) of

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these federal agencies and with the commission. The commission shall adopt by rule standards under which the commission may issue such an order.

(r) Upon notice that a complaint is the subject of an action in a federal court, the commission shall immediately cease investigation of the complaint and may not conduct hearings or issue findings of fact or orders concerning that complaint.

SECTION 4. IC 22-9-1-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 10. Every contract to which the state or any of its political or civil subdivisions is a party, including franchises granted to public utilities, shall contain a provision requiring the contractor and ~~his the contractor's~~ subcontractors not to discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment to be employed in the performance of such contract, with respect to ~~his the employee's or applicant's~~ hire, tenure, terms, conditions or privileges of employment or any matter directly or indirectly related to employment, because of ~~his the employee's or applicant's~~ race, religion, color, sex, **age**, disability, national origin, or ancestry. Breach of this covenant may be regarded as a material breach of the contract.

SECTION 5. IC 22-9-1-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 11. **(a)** In addition to its power to investigate the discriminatory practices referred to in this chapter, the commission may **do the following:**

**(1)** Receive written complaints of ~~violation~~ **violations** of this chapter or other discriminatory practices based upon:

- (A)** race;
- (B)** religion;
- (C)** color;
- (D)** sex;
- (E)** **age**;
- (F)** **disability**;
- (G)** national origin; or
- (H)** ancestry. ~~and to~~

**(2)** Receive written complaints of violations of IC 22-9-2.1 concerning age discrimination in employment.

**(3)** Investigate ~~such~~ complaints ~~as received under subdivisions (1) and (2) that it deems meritorious. or to~~

**(4)** Conduct ~~such an~~ investigation of a violation referred to in subdivision (1) or (2) in the absence of ~~complaints a complaint~~ whenever it ~~the commission~~ deems ~~it the investigation to be in~~ the public interest. ~~It~~

**(b)** The commission may transmit to the general assembly its

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1 recommendations for legislation designed to aid in the removing of  
2 ~~such~~ discrimination referred to in subsection (a)(1) and (a)(2).

3 SECTION 6. IC 22-9-2.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE  
4 AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
5 JULY 1, 2009]:

6 **Chapter 2.1. Age Discrimination**

7 **Sec. 1.** As used in this chapter, "commission" refers to the civil  
8 rights commission created by IC 22-9-1-4.

9 **Sec. 2.** As used in this chapter, "covered entity" means an  
10 employer, an employment agency, or a labor organization.

11 **Sec. 3.** As used in this chapter, "defined benefit plan" has the  
12 meaning set forth in 29 U.S.C. 1002(35).

13 **Sec. 4.** As used in this chapter, "employee" has the meaning set  
14 forth in IC 22-9-1-3(i).

15 **Sec. 5.** As used in this chapter, "employee pension benefit plan"  
16 has the meaning set forth in 29 U.S.C. 1002(2).

17 **Sec. 6.** As used in this chapter, "employer" has the meaning set  
18 forth in IC 22-9-1-3(h).

19 **Sec. 7.** As used in this chapter, "employment agency" has the  
20 meaning set forth in IC 22-9-1-3(k).

21 **Sec. 8.** As used in this chapter, "labor organization" has the  
22 meaning set forth in IC 22-9-1-3(j).

23 **Sec. 9.** As used in this chapter, "person" has the meaning set  
24 forth in IC 22-9-1-3(a).

25 **Sec. 10. (a)** This subsection applies to an individual who is at  
26 least forty (40) years of age. An employer shall not:

- 27 (1) discharge an individual;
- 28 (2) fail or refuse to hire an individual;
- 29 (3) otherwise discriminate against an individual with respect
- 30 to the individual's compensation or terms, conditions, or
- 31 privileges of employment;
- 32 (4) limit, segregate, or classify employees in any way that
- 33 would deprive or tend to deprive an individual of employment
- 34 opportunities; or
- 35 (5) otherwise adversely affect an individual's status as an
- 36 employee;

37 because of the individual's age.

38 (b) An employer shall not reduce the wage rate of an employee  
39 to comply with this chapter.

40 **Sec. 11.** This section applies to an individual who is at least forty  
41 (40) years of age. An employment agency shall not:

- 42 (1) fail or refuse to refer for employment or otherwise

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discriminate against an individual because of the individual's age; or

(2) classify or refer for employment an individual on the basis of the individual's age.

Sec. 12. (a) This section applies to an individual who is at least forty (40) years of age.

(b) A labor organization shall not:

(1) exclude or expel an individual from membership in the labor organization; or

(2) otherwise discriminate against an individual; because of the individual's age.

(c) A labor organization shall not limit, segregate, or classify the membership of the labor organization or classify or fail or refuse to refer for employment an individual in any way that would:

(1) deprive or tend to deprive an individual of employment opportunities;

(2) limit an individual's employment opportunities; or

(3) otherwise adversely affect an individual's status as an employee or applicant for employment;

because of the individual's age.

(d) A labor organization shall not cause or attempt to cause an employer to discriminate against an individual because of the individual's age.

Sec. 13. (a) It is unlawful for:

(1) an employer to discriminate against an employee or applicant for employment;

(2) an employment agency to discriminate against an individual; or

(3) a labor organization to discriminate against a member of or an applicant for membership in the labor organization; because the employee, applicant for employment, individual, member, or applicant for membership has opposed a practice that is prohibited by this chapter.

(b) It is unlawful for:

(1) an employer to discriminate against an employee or applicant for employment;

(2) an employment agency to discriminate against an individual; or

(3) a labor organization to discriminate against a member of or an applicant for membership in the labor organization; because the employee, applicant for employment, individual, member, or applicant for membership has filed a complaint with

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the commission or testified, assisted, or participated in an investigation or a proceeding or litigation under this chapter.

**Sec. 14. A covered entity shall not print or publish or cause to be printed or published any notice or advertisement relating to:**

(1) employment; or

(2) a classification or referral for employment;

indicating any preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination based on age.

**Sec. 15. Notwithstanding any of the prohibitions contained in this chapter, a covered entity may do any of the following:**

(1) Take any action otherwise prohibited under this chapter if:

(A) age is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to the normal operation of the particular covered entity; or

(B) the differentiation is based on reasonable factors other than age.

(2) If not prohibited by federal antidiscrimination law, establish, maintain, observe the terms of, or comply with an employee pension benefit plan, a defined benefit plan, a bona fide employee benefit plan, or another pension, benefit, or retirement plan.

(3) Observe the terms of a bona fide seniority system that is not intended to evade the purposes of this chapter, except that a bona fide seniority system must not require or permit the involuntary retirement of an individual who is at least forty (40) years of age because of the age of the individual.

(4) Discharge or otherwise discipline an individual for good cause.

**Sec. 16. This chapter may not be construed to prohibit compulsory retirement of an employee of a state educational institution who:**

(1) is at least sixty-five (65) years of age; and

(2) for the two (2) year period immediately before retirement, is employed in a bona fide executive or higher policymaking position.

**Sec. 17. (a) An individual may file a complaint with the commission under IC 22-9-1-6 alleging a violation of this chapter.**

**(b) A complaint filed under subsection (a) alleging a discriminatory practice in violation of this chapter may not be filed more than one hundred eighty (180) days, as provided in IC 22-9-1-3(p), from the date of the occurrence of the alleged**

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1       discriminatory practice.  
2       (c) An individual who has been injured by an action in violation  
3       of this chapter is eligible for remedies under IC 22-9-1-6(k).  
4       SECTION 7. IC 22-9-2 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,  
5       2009].  
6       SECTION 8. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009] A proceeding properly  
7       filed with and pending before the commissioner of labor under  
8       IC 22-9-2 before its repeal by this act shall be adjudicated by the  
9       commissioner of labor under IC 22-9-2 as though IC 22-9-2 had not  
10      been repealed by this act.

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## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Labor and Employment, to which was referred House Bill 1014, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 4, line 37, delete "Except as provided in IC 22-9-2.1,".

Page 4, line 37, delete "no" and insert "No".

Page 12, between lines 29 and 30, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"Sec. 16. This chapter may not be construed to prohibit compulsory retirement of an employee of a state educational institution who:**

**(1) is at least sixty-five (65) years of age; and**

**(2) for the two (2) year period immediately before retirement, is employed in a bona fide executive or higher policymaking position."**

Page 12, line 30, delete "16." and insert "17.".

Page 12, line 34, delete "(1) year after" and insert **"hundred eighty (180) days, as provided in IC 22-9-1-3(p), from the date of the occurrence of"**.

Page 12, line 34, after "practice" insert ".".

Page 12, delete line 35.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1014 as introduced.)

NIEZGODSKI, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 6, nays 5.

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